



Regular and thorough cleaning of your interceptor assures maximum operating efficiency. Here's what you need to know:

**Performance
and Quality!**

When to Clean Your Interceptor

It is time to clean your Rockford interceptor when you notice a gradual slow down of the fixtures that are draining to the unit. With normal use, you should be able to establish a cleaning cycle. Whether once a week, or once a month. A thorough and regular cleaning each time will assure maximum operating efficiency, and will extend the life of your interceptor.

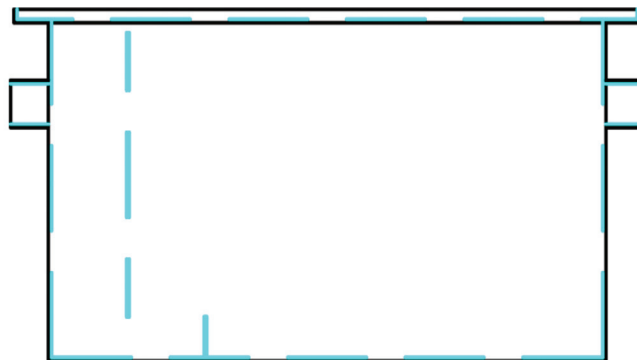
Rockford does not recommend adding enzymes or other short circuiting products to a grease interceptor.

How to Clean Your Interceptor

1. Run cold water for a few minutes to congeal the grease. Turn off water.
2. Remove the cover attachment screws, and remove cover.
3. Scoop out all floating grease and any solids that have collected in the unit. Including scraping the internal walls, and baffles. Place the grease in a proper waste container for disposal.
4. Once clean, run warm water into the interceptor to establish the operating level in the unit.
5. Inspect the cover gasket for any damage, and replace if necessary. Call Rockford for any replacement gasket needs.
6. Replace and secure the cover with the removed screws.

How to Replace a Gasket

1. Remove all gasket material from the top lip of the unit. Once removed and the surface is clean, cut the new gasket to approx. .50" longer than needed. Place the self adhesive side towards the unit's top lip. Start by placing the gasket in the corners, and working from the center out to the corners. Making sure the corners fill in tightly.





1. Rockford interceptors should be installed as close as possible to the fixture being serviced, and where it can easily be accessed for cleaning.
 - A) When installing the interceptor flush with grade, the cover must be installed and the unit filled with water before the backfilling process.
 - B) When suspending the interceptor from a floor above, the bottom of the unit must be fully supported and be able to withstand the weight of the unit and its contents.
2. A provided flow control device must be installed as close as possible to the fixture (NOT the interceptor). Install so that the orifice plate is upstream of the vent/air intake. The air intake must extend upward to at least the top of the fixture.
3. Rockford recommends installing a clean-out tee upstream of the flow control to aid in clearing any blockages..
4. Install the P-Trap upstream of the interceptor.
5. The outlet piping should match that of the interceptor. Vent the outlet pipe, so the interceptor is not siphoned.
6. The static water level in the unit is a line between the bottom of the inlet to the bottom of the outlet.
7. Solid wastes should not go to the interceptor. Solids should be caught in the sink strainer, or by a separate solids interceptor prior to the grease interceptor. If there is a problem with blockages due to solids, either at the flow control, and or the interceptor, a solids interceptor must be installed. Call Rockford for your solids interceptor needs. Most sizes are in stock.

NOTE: All interceptors must be installed per local codes.

